WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2016 REGULAR SESSION

Introduced

House Bill 2130



2015 Carryover

(BY DELEGATES WESTFALL, ESPINOSA, HAMRICK,

MCCUSKEY, STANSBURY, B. WHITE AND IHLE)

[Introduced January 13, 2016; referred to the

Committee on the Judiciary.]

H.B. 2130

A BILL to amend and reenact §61-2-10b of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating
 to enhanced charges and penalties for assaults and batteries of law-enforcement officers
 and defining law- enforcement officers.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

4 That §61-2-10b of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and 5 reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. CRIMES AGAINST THE PERSON.

§61-2-10b. Malicious assault; unlawful assault; battery; and assault on governmental representatives, health care providers, <u>law enforcement officers</u> and emergency medical service personnel; definitions; penalties.

1 (a) For purposes of this section:

2 (1) "Government representative" means any officer or employee of the state or a political
3 subdivision thereof, or a person under contract with a state agency or political subdivision
4 thereof.

(2) "Health care worker" means any nurse, nurse practitioner, physician, physician
assistant or technician practicing at, and all persons employed by or under contract to a
hospital, county or district health department, long-term care facility, physician's office, clinic or
outpatient treatment facility.

9 (3) "Emergency service personnel" means any paid or volunteer firefighter, emergency 10 medical technician, paramedic, or other emergency services personnel employed by or under 11 contract with an emergency medical service provider or a state agency or political subdivision 12 thereof.

(4) "Law- enforcement officer" means an individual employed or otherwise engaged in
 either a public or private position which involves the rendition of services relating to enforcement

1

H.B. 2130

of federal, state or local laws for the protection of public or private safety, including, but not
limited to, positions as deputy sheriffs, police officers, marshals, bailiffs, court security officers or
any other law-enforcement position which requires certification, but excluding positions held by
elected sheriffs or appointed chiefs of police whose duties are determined by the board to be
purely administrative in nature.

(b) *Malicious assault.* -- Any person who maliciously shoots, stabs, cuts or wounds or by any means causes bodily injury with intent to maim, disfigure, disable or kill a government representative, health care worker or, emergency service personnel <u>or law- enforcement officer</u> acting in his or her official capacity, and the person committing the malicious assault knows or has reason to know that the victim is acting in his or her official capacity is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in a correctional facility for not less than three nor more than fifteen years.

(c) Unlawful assault. -- Any person who unlawfully but not maliciously shoots, stabs, cuts
or wounds or by any means causes a government representative, health care worker er.
emergency service personnel or law-enforcement officer acting in his or her official capacity
bodily injury with intent to maim, disfigure, disable or kill him or her and the person committing
the unlawful assault knows or has reason to know that the victim is acting in his or her official
capacity is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in a correctional
facility for not less than two nor more than five years.

34 (d) *Battery.* -- Any person who unlawfully, knowingly and intentionally makes physical 35 contact of an insulting or provoking nature with a government representative, health care worker 36 $\Theta_{\overline{i}}$ emergency service personnel <u>or law-enforcement officer</u> acting in his or her official capacity, 37 or unlawfully and intentionally causes physical harm to that person acting in such capacity, is 38 guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than \$500 or

2

H.B. 2130

39 confined in jail not less than one month nor more than twelve months or both fined and 40 confined. If any person commits a second such offense, he or she is guilty of a felony and, 41 upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than \$1,000 or imprisoned in a state 42 correctional facility not less than one year nor more than three years, or both fined and 43 imprisoned. Any person who commits a third violation of this subsection is guilty of a felony 44 and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than \$2,000 or imprisoned in a state 45 correctional facility not less than two years nor more than five years, or both fined and 46 imprisoned. 47 (e) Assault. -- Any person who unlawfully attempts to commit a violent injury to the 48 person of a government representative, health care worker or, emergency service personnel or 49 law- enforcement officer, acting in his or her official capacity, or unlawfully commits an act which 50 places that person acting in his or her official capacity in reasonable apprehension of 51 immediately receiving a violent injury, is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, 52 shall be confined in jail for not less than twenty-four hours nor more than six months, fined not 53 more than \$200, or both fined and confined.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to include law-enforcement officers among those professionals the assault or battery of which leads to enhanced criminal penalties.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from the present law, and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.

3